

# Loopholes

Experimental loopholes

Metaphysical loopholes

# Detection Loophole

- Photon polarization: not all photons actually arrive
- Outcomes are actually ternary: horizontal, vertical, non-detection
- If QM is true, and we would use usual optimal states and measurements, and detection is completely at random (and independent at the two measurement stations), we would need at least 82% detector efficiency before we could violate a Bell inequality

# Coincidence loophole

- We don't predetermine times of \*emission\* of photons
- Two detections in each wing of the experiment are considered a pair, if they arrive at times less than some prechosen time interval ("the coincidence window")  $\Delta$  apart

# Solution to coincidence loophole

- Use a pre-fixed lattice of time-slots of width  $\delta$
- Use a martingal test (ie count only those time slots when there is one detection in both wings)

# Solution to detection loophole

- In photonics experiments, we now have photo-detectors with 75% efficiency
- It turns out that we can violate Bell provide we go to different states and measurements: Eberhard inequality, Peter Bierhorst proof, Vienna and NIST experiments