

Addendum: The Factorization of the Ninth Fermat Number Author(s): A. K. Lenstra, H. W. Lenstra, Jr., M. S. Manasse, J. M. Pollard Source: *Mathematics of Computation*, Vol. 64, No. 211 (Jul., 1995), p. 1357 Published by: American Mathematical Society Stable URL: <u>http://www.jstor.org/stable/2153511</u>

Accessed: 14/04/2009 06:21

Your use of the JSTOR archive indicates your acceptance of JSTOR's Terms and Conditions of Use, available at http://www.jstor.org/page/info/about/policies/terms.jsp. JSTOR's Terms and Conditions of Use provides, in part, that unless you have obtained prior permission, you may not download an entire issue of a journal or multiple copies of articles, and you may use content in the JSTOR archive only for your personal, non-commercial use.

Please contact the publisher regarding any further use of this work. Publisher contact information may be obtained at http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublisher?publisherCode=ams.

Each copy of any part of a JSTOR transmission must contain the same copyright notice that appears on the screen or printed page of such transmission.

JSTOR is a not-for-profit organization founded in 1995 to build trusted digital archives for scholarship. We work with the scholarly community to preserve their work and the materials they rely upon, and to build a common research platform that promotes the discovery and use of these resources. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.



American Mathematical Society is collaborating with JSTOR to digitize, preserve and extend access to Mathematics of Computation.

ADDENDUM

A. K. LENSTRA, H. W. LENSTRA, JR., M. S. MANASSE & J. M. POLLARD, The factorization of the ninth Fermat number, Math. Comp. 61 (1993), 319-349.

In Section 1 of this article we questioned the wisdom of using numbers obtained from the digits of π as test numbers for factoring algorithms. In this context it is of interest to observe that Gauss uses the number $314159265 = [10^8\pi]$ to illustrate factoring methods (see [19, Art. 329]). This was pointed out by D. Shanks, who supplied the revised reference [44] as printed. Gauss uses also the number $43429448 = [10^8/\log 10]$ and its factors in his examples (see [19, Arts. 325, 328.I, 329]), as well as the numerator of a continued fraction approximation to π (see [19, Art. 328.II]). Any reader who wishes to follow in Gauss's footsteps will find a plentiful supply of digits of π in our original reference [44]:

D. Shanks and J. W. Wrench, Jr., Calculation of π to 100,000 decimals, Math. Comp. 16 (1962), 76-99.

A. K. Lenstra H. W. Lenstra, Jr. M. S. Manasse J. M. Pollard