

## Homework set 5 due December 19 2011

**Exercise 5.1.** Let  $p$  be a prime number below 50 and suppose that  $K$  is an abelian extension of  $\mathbb{Q}_p$  of degree 15 which is totally ramified. Show that  $p = 31$ .

**Exercise 5.2.** Give an example of a prime  $p$ , a finite extension  $K$  of  $\mathbb{Q}_p$  and an abelian extension  $L/K$  of exponent 2 and degree 64.

**Exercise 5.3.** Let  $K$  be a local field of characteristic 0. Show that every finite index subgroup of  $K^*$  is open. Bonus question: is the same true for characteristic  $p$ ?

**Exercise 5.4.** Let  $K$  be a local field, let  $K^{\text{sep}}$  be the separable closure of  $K$ , and let  $G_K$  be the profinite group  $\text{Gal}(K^{\text{sep}}/K)$ . Show that  $H^3(G_K, K^{\text{sep}*}) = 0$ .

**Exercise 5.5.** Let  $p$  be a prime,  $K = \mathbb{Q}_p$ , and  $n = p - 1$ . Recall that  $\mu_n \subset K^*$ . For  $a, b \in K^*$  let  $(a, b) \in \mu_n$  be the image of the pair  $(a \bmod (K^*)^n, b \bmod (K^*)^n)$  under the Hilbert symbol  $K^*/(K^*)^n \times K^*/(K^*)^n \rightarrow \mu_n$ . Show that  $(a, b) \equiv (-1)^{v(a)v(b)} a^{v(b)} b^{-v(a)} \pmod{p\mathbb{Z}_p}$ . Hint: use Example 3.13 of Chapter 2, and you may also use that  $\mathbb{Q}_p(\zeta_p) = \mathbb{Q}_p(\sqrt[p-1]{-p})$ .